

SAFETY DATA SHEET



2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : 2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic
Product description : Aerosol. Paint
Product type : Aerosol.
UFI : 1DH1-H0J5-G00J-YQRF
Product code : ROI0137

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Consumer Industrial Professional	
Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	-

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

RUST-OLEUM EUROPE
Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium
Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200
Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited
Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom
Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611
Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125
enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Supplier

Telephone number United Kingdom: : +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798
Great Britain
Hours of operation : 24 / 7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Aerosol 1, H222, H229
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General

: P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response

: Not applicable.

Storage

: P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: n-butyl acetate
Ethylacetate

Supplemental label elements

: EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH208 - Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. : Not applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
dimethyl ether	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 Index: 603-019-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Ethylacetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5	<2,5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0,001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information : Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonnes	500 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dimethyl ether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 958 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 766 mg/m ³ .
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
Ethylacetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 1468 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 734 mg/m ³ .
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Recommended by manufacturer (GB, 2009) [hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics] TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m ³ ((184 ppm)). Form: Vapour.
maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m ³ .

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result	Value	Effects
dimethyl ether	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	471 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	1894 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	480 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	480 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - General population - Consumers - Short term - Inhalation	859,7 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Consumers - Short term - Inhalation	859,7 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation	102,34 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation	102,34 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	35,7 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	48 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethylacetate	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	34 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Short term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Short term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral	4,5 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	4,5 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local	
DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Effects: Local	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	Effects: Local	
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	553,5 mg/m ³	Effects: Local	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	50,6 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Inhalation	43,9 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Dermal	18,1 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Consumers - Long term - Oral	3,3 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic	
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	553,5 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	25 mg/kg	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	11 mg/kg	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	32 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	11 mg/kg	Effects: Systemic	
	maleic anhydride	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	0,8 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic
		DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	0,04 mg/kg	Effects: Systemic
		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	0,4 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation		0,05 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	0,06 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	0,08 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	0,081 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	0,1 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	0,2 mg/kg bw/day	<u>Effects:</u> Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	0,2 mg/m ³	<u>Effects:</u> Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Result	Value	Remarks
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35,6 mg/l	-
Ethylacetate	Fresh water	0,24 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,024 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1,15 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,115 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,148 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	650 mg/l	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	41,6 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	4,17 mg/l	-
	Soil	2,47 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	maleic anhydride	Fresh water	0,04281 mg/l
Marine water		0,004281 mg/l	-

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Soil	0,0415 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,334 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0334 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	44,6 mg/l	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A) particulate filter (EN 140)
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol.]
- Colour** : Silver.
- Odour** : Solvent-like [Slight]
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not applicable.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
dimethyl ether	-24,82	-12,7	

- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts.
In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 2,21% [Calculated (Le Chatelier mixture rule)]
Upper: 15,01% [Calculated (Le Chatelier mixture rule)]
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -40°C (-40°F) [Literature dimethyl ether]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 350°C (662°F) [Literature dimethyl ether]
- Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- pH : Justification** : Product is non-soluble (in water).
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : 513,3 kPa (3850 mm Hg) [Literature dimethyl ether]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : 0,8 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Explosive properties	: Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Heat of combustion	: 22,84 kJ/g
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Value
dimethyl ether	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	308000 mg/m ³ [1 hours]
	Mouse - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	386 ppm [0,5 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	309 g/m ³ [4 hours]
n-butyl acetate	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	164000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Oral - LD50	14000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>21 mg/l [4 hours]
Ethylacetate	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	9700 mg/m ³ [4 hours]
	Rabbit - Oral - LD50	4935 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5620 mg/kg
	Mouse - Oral - LD50	4,1 g/kg

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1-methoxy-2-propanol	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>22,5 mg/l [6 hours]
	Mouse - Oral - LD50	11700 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	13 g/kg
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	30,02 mg/l [4 hours]
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	5000 mg/m ³ [4 hours]
	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
maleic anhydride	Rat - Oral - LD50	400 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
dimethyl ether	N/A	N/A	164000	309	N/A
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ingredient name

n-butyl acetate
1-methoxy-2-propanol
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

Non-irritating to the skin.
Non-irritating to the skin.
Non-irritating to the skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result	Exposure	Observation
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	<u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 100 UI	-
maleic anhydride	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	<u>Amount/concentration applied:</u> 1 %	-

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingredient name

n-butyl acetate
1-methoxy-2-propanol
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

Non-irritating to the eyes.
Non-irritating to the eyes.
Non-irritating to the eyes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ingredient name

hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

May cause respiratory irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ingredient name

n-butyl acetate
1-methoxy-2-propanol
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

Non-sensitiser to skin.
Non-sensitiser to skin.
Non-sensitiser to skin.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Species - Route of exposure	Dose - Exposure	Effects
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	Mammal - species unspecified - Unreported	-	-

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

n-butyl acetate
Ethylacetate
1-methoxy-2-propanol
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Result

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

maleic anhydride

STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)

Aspiration hazard**Product/ingredient name**hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-
alkanes, < 2% aromatics
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9**Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.

Potential acute health effects**Eye contact**

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking**Ingestion**

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Short term exposure****Potential immediate effects**

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure**Potential immediate effects**

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.**General**

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
n-butyl acetate	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 44 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec. - Daphnia spec.
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 397 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 18 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - Fathead minnow
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 23 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia spec. - Daphnia spec.
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water 32 mg/l [48 hours]	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp
Ethylacetate	Acute - EC50 5600 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae - Algae
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 165 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia spec. - Water flea
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 2,4 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia spec. - Water flea
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 230 mg/l [48 hours]	Fish - Fathead minnow
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 6,9 mg/l [6,9 hours]	Fish - Fathead minnow
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 2,4 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia spec. - Water flea
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 6812 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - Golden orfe (leuciscus idus)
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute - EC50 23300 mg/l [96 hours]	Daphnia spec. - Daphnia spec.
	Acute - EC50 >1000 mg/l [7 days]	Algae
	Acute - LC50 >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Fish
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute - EC50 >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Daphnia spec.
	Acute - IC50 >1000 mg/l [4 hours]	Algae
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 230 ppm [96 hours]	Fish - Western mosquitofish - Adult
maleic anhydride		

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ingredient name

hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
n-butyl acetate	-	90% [28 days] - Readily
	-	83% [28 days] - Readily
	-	80% [5 days]
Ethylacetate	-	70% [28 days] - Readily
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1,95 gO₂/g - ThOD	>90% [5 days] - Readily
	-	96% [28 days] - Readily
	-	88 to 92% [28 days] - Readily

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ingredient name

n-butyl acetate
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9

Conclusion/Summary

This product is readily biodegradable.
Rapidly lost by degradation and volatilisation.
Biodegradable according to OECD.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethylacetate	-	-	Readily
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<28 days [Fresh water] [5 to 25 °C]	-	Readily
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	<28 days [Fresh water] [5 to 25 °C]	80%; <28 day(s)	Readily
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0,07	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2,3	10	Low
Ethylacetate	0,68	30	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	<100	Low
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	3.7 to 4.5	10 to 2500	High
maleic anhydride	-2,78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Mobility : Volatile. This product is likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its high vapour pressure.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
dimethyl ether	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Ethylacetate	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	No	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
maleic anhydride	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





Hazardous waste : Yes.

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2 	2 	2.1 	2.1 
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 14: Transport information

Additional information ADR

Limited quantity	: 1L
Transport Category	: 2
Classification code	: 5F
ADR Label Model Number	: 2.1
Excepted Quantity	: E0
Tunnel code	: (D)
Packing instructions	: P207, LP200
Mixed Packing Provisions	: MP9
Special Packing Provisions	: PP87, RR6, L2
Special provisions	: 190, 327, 344, 625

Additional information ADN

Limited quantity	: 1L
Classification code	: 5F
Special provisions	: 190, 327, 344, 625

Additional information IMDG

Limited quantity	: 1L
Emergency schedules	: F-D, S-U
Segregation code	: SG69 - For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 L: segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except for division 1.4. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 L: segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2. For WASTE AEROSOLS: segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.
Special provisions	: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Additional information IATA

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: Quantity limitation 75kg Packaging instruction 203
Cargo aircraft	: Quantity limitation 150kg Packaging instruction 203
Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft	: Quantity limitation 30kg Packaging instruction Y203
Special provisions	: A145, A167, A802

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic	≥90	3

Labelling : Not applicable.

Synthetic polymer microparticles - Designation 78

Generic identity of polymer(s) : Not applicable.

Total percentage of synthetic polymer microparticles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

VOC : Exempt

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture : Exempt

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Listed

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Aerosol dispensers :

**UK
CA**



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P3a

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

CN code : 3208 10 90 00

Inventory list

Australia : At least one component is not listed.
Canada : Not determined.
China : All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union : **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
Japan : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: At least one component is not listed.
Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
 N/A = Not available
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 SGG = Segregation Group
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 1	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Press. Gas (Comp.)	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of printing : 19/02/2026**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 19/02/2026**Date of previous issue** : 29/09/2023**Version** : 7**Notice to reader**

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable

2100 Hard-Hat Topcoat Metallic

SECTION 16: Other information

law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.